Applications of 3D Models in the Construction Office

February 19, 2014

1:00 pm - 2:30 pm EST







Welcome & Introductions

Douglas Townes, P.E. FHWA Resource Center









3D Engineered Models Webinar Series

Webinar 1: Overview of 3D Models for Construction
Webinar 2: Creating 3D Engineered Models
Webinar 3: Applications of 3D Models in the Contractor's Office
Webinar 4: Applications of 3D Models on the Construction Site
Webinar 5: Managing and Sharing 3D Models for Construction
Webinar 6: Overcoming Challenges to Using 3D Models for Construction
Webinar 7: Steps to Requiring 3D Engineered Models for Construction
Webinar 8: Adding Time, Cost and other Information to 3D Models



http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/construction/3d/webinars.cfm



3D Engineered Models Webinar Series

One of the technologies for the FHWA's Every Day Counts (EDC) initiative is 3D Engineered Models for Construction. A series of eight webinars have been developed to assist the FHWA's transportation partners in adopting this proven technology. The webinars are given in a "cradle to grave" sequence. Participants will hear how contractors incorporate 3D engineered models in their workflow of bidding and preparing to execute construction. Topics and quest speakers include:

Recorded Webinars

- Overview of 3D Engineered Models for Construction November 20, 2013 1:00 p.m. - 2:30 p.m. Eastern
- Creating 3D Engineered Models January 8, 2014 1:00 p.m. - 2:30 p.m. Eastern

Need more help?

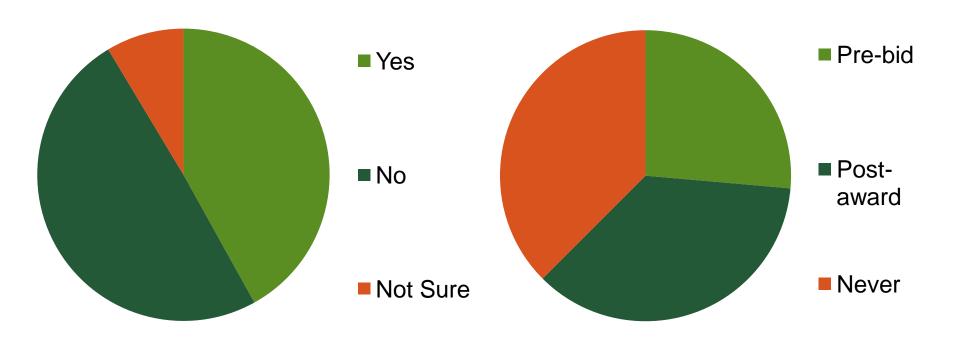
Contact the Technical Support Services Center (TSSC) for a fast, personal response to your specific questions from a national technical expert in 3D engineered models.



What you told us: Webinar 1

Does your agency produce 3D deliverables?

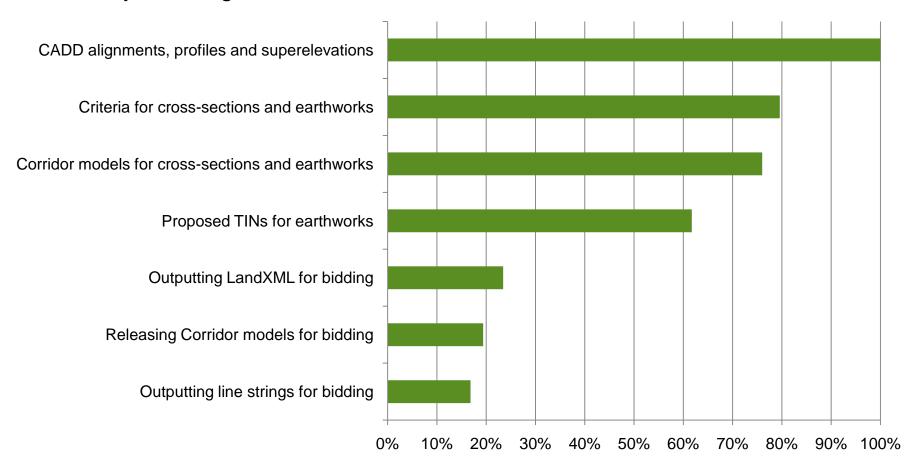
When does your agency provide 3D deliverables to contractors?





What you told us: Webinar 2

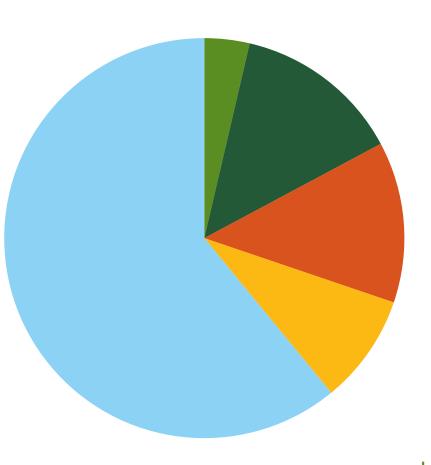
What is in your design workflow?



What you told us: Webinar 2

Do you have concerns about releasing Digital Data for Information Only?

- Yes, I'd rather not release any digital data
- Yes, but I'll release PDFs of the plans
- Yes, but I'll release Alignments, Control Points, and Exisitng Surfaces
- Yes, but I'll release LandXML & 3D line strings
- No, I'd release all data



Speaker	Topic
Douglas Townes (FHWA-RC)	Welcome and Introductions
Brian Deery (AGC)	Contractor's Organization Perspective
Brian Smith and Sam Kloes (IMCO Construction)	Using Available Data to Create Construction Models
Karthik "RK" Ramkrishnan (Walsh Construction)	Planning Construction Activities and Clash Detection
Ryan Forrestel (Cold Spring Construction)	Executing Construction with 3D Engineered Models
Douglas Townes (FHWA-RC)	Information on Next Webinar and Close



What type of organization do you represent?

- DOT Construction Division
- DOT Design Division
- DOT Survey Division
- DOT Other Division
- Local Authority
- FHWA Division Office

- FHWA Other Office
- Other Federal Agency
- Contractor
- Consultant
- Vendor
- Industry Representative

Contractor's Organization Perspective

Brian Deery

Associated General Contractors of America (AGC)







- BIM used in vertical industry for years
- AGC created BIM Forum to address 3D needs
- Contractors use 3D for bidding, AMG, means & methods, staging, clash detection, collaboration
- EDC Initiative to help push adoption in horizontal industry



AASHTO-AGC-ARTBA Joint Committee









AASHTO-AGC-ARTBA 2012 Joint Position Statement

Topic: Best practices for electronic data-sharing between state DOTs and contractors

Electronic technology is being used more and more as a tool in the design and construction of highway, bridge and other transportation projects. In particular, more transportation construction projects are being designed using 3D models to help visualize and simulate project ideas before they're ever built.

Using Available Data to Create Construction Models

Brian K. Smith and Sam Kloes IMCO Construction







Learning Objectives

- List different ways to create 3D Engineered Models for Construction
- Describe how 3D models can be used for **Quantity Take-off**



What type of data to you provide/receive pre-bid?

- Raster PDF
- Vector PDF
- 2D CAD Linework
- 3D CAD Linework
- LandXML
- 3D Model
- None



For a General Contractor there are mainly two different types of data received.

PDF's (Raster and Vectorized)

Electronic CAD and design files

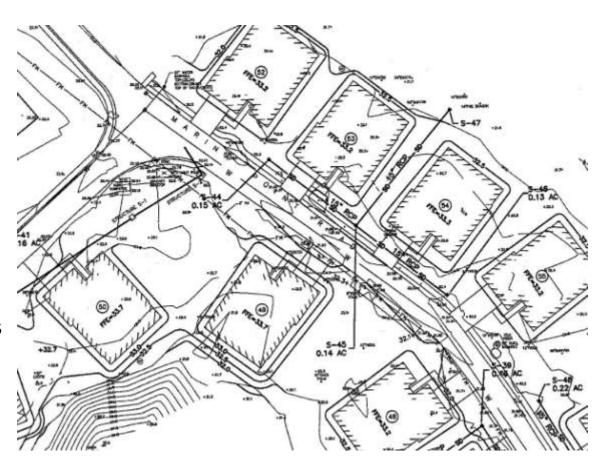


PDF's



Raster Adobe PDF's

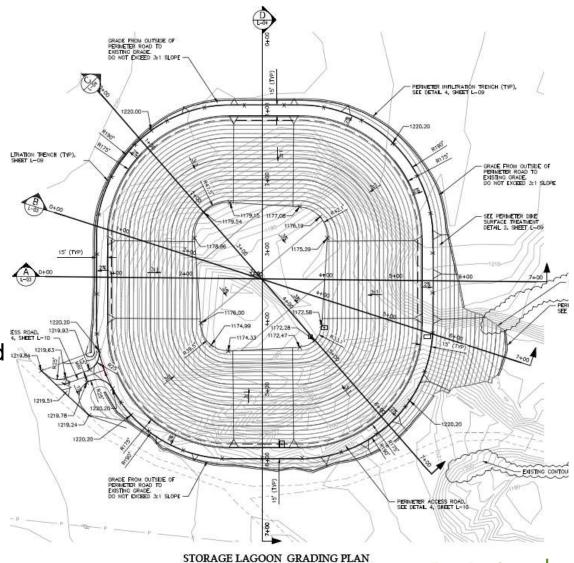
- No tangible electronic data
- Pixelized data
- Must digitize using software to import to CAD
- Lowest quality of data to import
- Typically from scans of plots



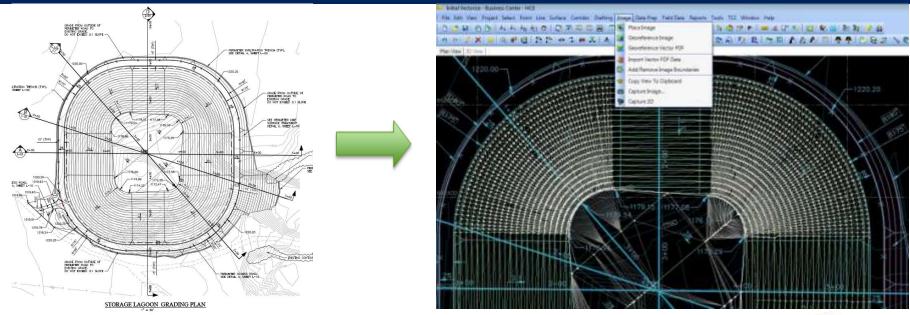


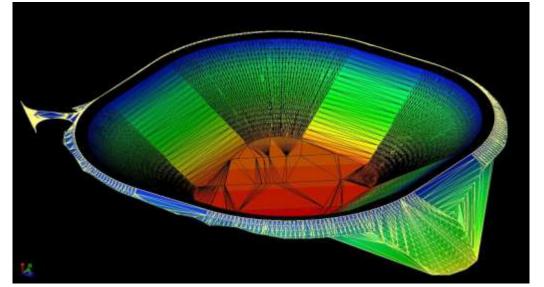
Vectorized Adobe PDF's

- Contains data with numerical values for lines, curves, etc.
- Direct export from design software
- Requires software to rebuild data for import to CAD
- Best PDF option













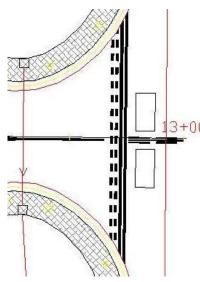
Electronic CAD and Design Data

CAD formats (DWG, DGN, DXF, RVT, SHP)

- 2D & 3D files
- 3D polylines
- Surfaces
- Design information (profiles and assemblies)

3D model exchange formats

- XML's (landXML, gbXML)
- DTM, TIN, NED (3D surface files)
- LAS (3D point cloud data)



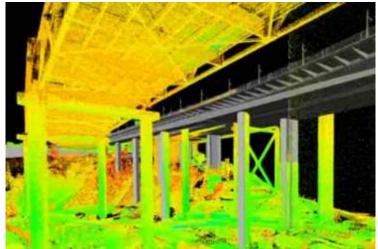
By opening the enclosed electronic

The enclosed electronic media files work files. Due to the potential for Inc.'s ownership, pro enclosed electronic files or alteration its officers, employees, agents, cont suits, or liability of any kind or cha use of the electronic files or altered

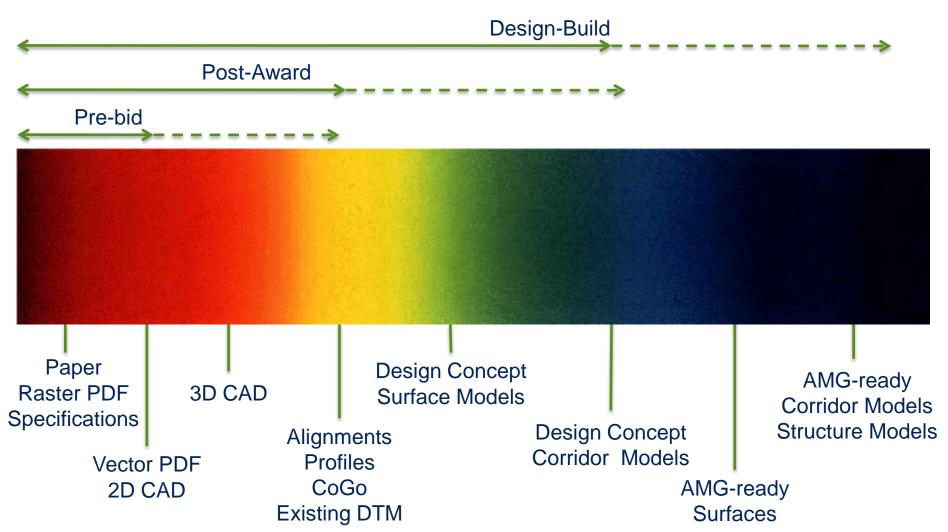
The enclosed files are for informatic documents. The electronic represen-If there are any discrepancies or or govern.

The contractor is responsible to cor and other data as detailed in the c

The contractor assumes full respons and grades resulting from the use bring in conformance to the contract







Stop Asking For "CAD" and Start Asking for Project Specific Data Sets

When requesting Data remember these helpful guidelines:

- Using common terminology (File Format, Software Utilized, Release, etc.)
- Use non-threatening language ie: "We want your CAD" = Bad
- Internal training on expectation vs. request
- Managing expectations what we expect as a contractor





Building 3D Models for Construction

When building a model the level of detail and accuracy is determined by the individual task, available data, and resource allocation.

The different types of 3D Models built are:

- **Quantity Takeoffs**
- Construction Ready
- Rework

We start with a process we have coined Forensic Plan Reading





Quantity Take-off Model Workflow







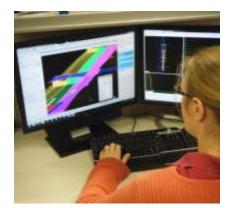
Meet with Project Managers





Export Quantities to

Heavy Bid



Create a 3D **CADD Model**



Digitize PDF Data



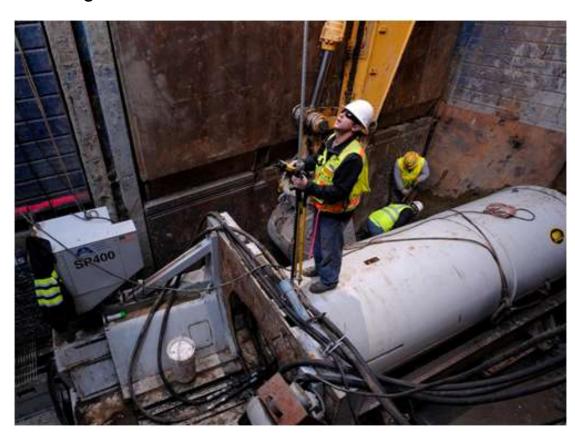
Building 3D Models for Construction

Construction Ready Data

Models have a very high level of accuracy and detail. They are easily revised or adapted in the event of a change of condition or change order directive.

Some uses of the construction ready model data are:

- Stakeout of Utilities
- Right of Ways
- Roadway Features
- **Grading Limits**
- **Erosion Control Measures**





Construction-Ready Model Workflow



Analyze Data



Meet with Project Managers





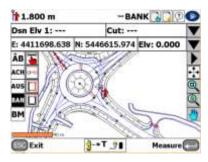
Supplement/ recreate data



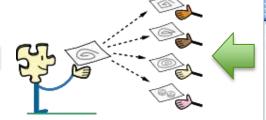
Review Means &

Methods

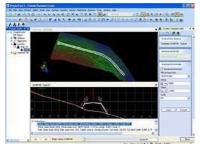




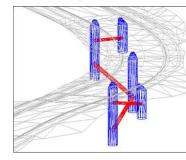
Migrate Data to the Field



Share models with Engineering and Subcontractors



Review & Backcheck Models



Create Grading & **Utility Models**



Quantifiable Cost Savings

			Conventional Way	New Way AccuGrade	Productivity Gain
4	Staking		07:31	00:54	6:37 hours saved
TOL	Bulk	D6N	04:40	04:18	+9%
A THE REST OF THE PARTY OF THE	arthmoving	330D	02:23	01:53	+ 27 %
The last of the la	Subgrade	D6N	03:48	01:28	+ 159 %
O-A	grading	330D	02:56	02:43	+8%
Ba	ase Course grading	D6N	02:24	00:53	+ 172 %
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	ase course le grading	140H	01:49	00.32	+ 241%
Total			24:32	11:50	+ 101%

Additiona	l Head count	Conventional Way	New Way	Gain
	Foreman	Full Time 24:32 hours	Full Time 11:50 hours	Half time
2 2	Operators (x4)	98:08 hours	47:20 hours	Half time
4	Surveyor	18:14 hours	00:54 hours	95 % of time saved
	Worker	18:14 hours		1 person less

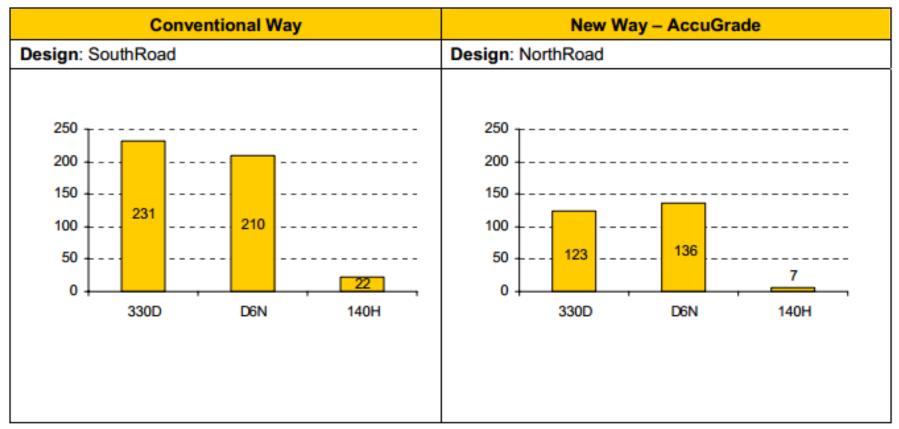
Accuracy		Conventional Way % in Tolerance of ± 3 cm	New Way % in Tolerance of ± 2 cm
4	Subgrade	35%	86%
	Base course	45%	98%



Minimized Environmental Impact

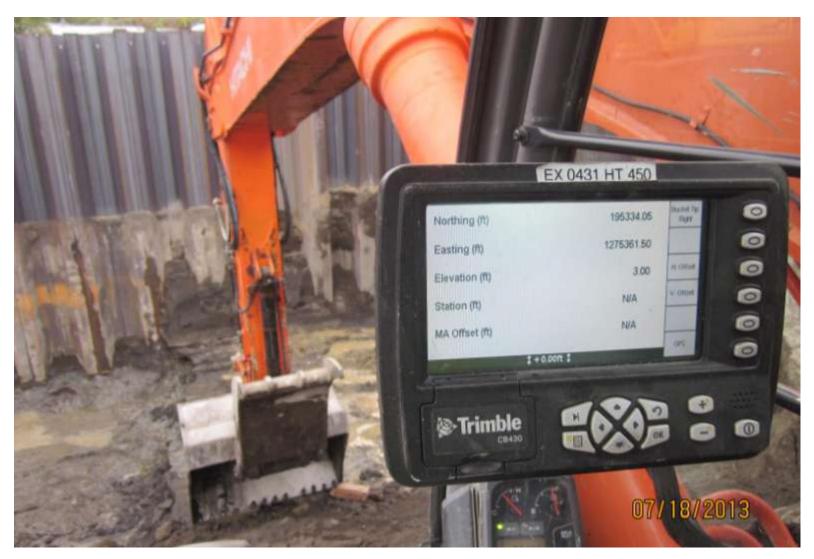
3.9 - Fuel consumption







Improved Safety and Reduced Exposure to Hazards





Are 3D models reviewed prior to construction?

- 3D model review is required by the owner
- 3D model review is volunteered by the contractor
- 3D model review is requested by the designer
- No 3D model review occurs

A 3D Model Simply and Clearly Communicates Revisions & Issues

- Share models and issues with engineering and subcontractors
- Review issues in 3D Design or requested changes
- Meet with Project Managers
- Propose resolution
- Proposed revision made to In-House Drawing
- Send revised drawing with RFI to Design Engineer
- Receive authorization to proceed (faster turn-around)
- Migrate data to Field



Legal Concerns of Contractor Generated 3D Models

Contractors Concerns Using 3D Models

- Professional design responsibility
- Liability for design intent

Determining Means and Methods of construction

Taking responsibility for updating models

and ensuring accuracy



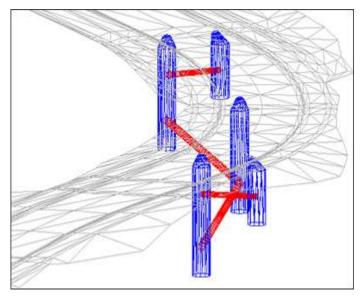


As-Builts from 3D Models & Integrated Field Data

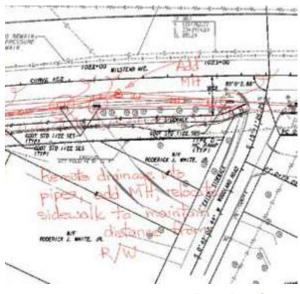
As-Builts

On a grading or road project 3D as-built data may include:

- XML or DTM of prepared surface topo
- XML or DTM of final as-built
- ASCII, CSV or DWG containing point groups of all surfacing survey points
- 3D linework or pipe network of installed utilities
- ASCII, CSV or DWG containing survey data on newly installed and existing utilities located
- 3D Laser Scans in PTS or LAS format

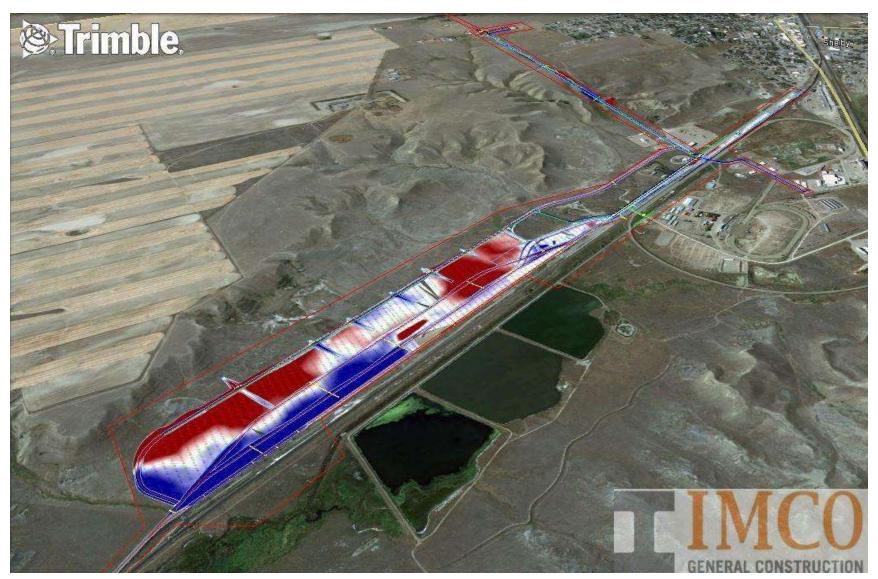


VS





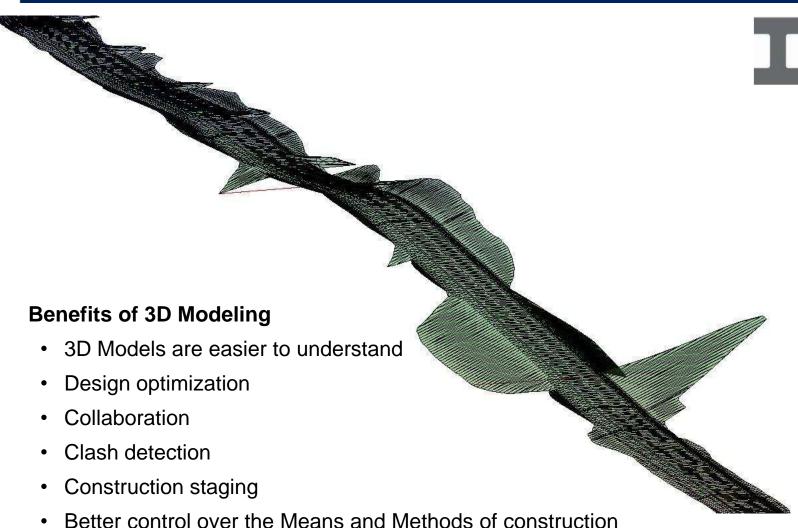
Benefits of Sharing Models with Owners & Subcontractors





Management of expectations

Benefits of Sharing Models with Owners & Subcontractors



- List different ways to create 3D **Engineered Models for Construction**
- Describe how 3D models can be used for **Quantity Take-off**



Contact Information

Thank You! Please feel free to contact either of us directly.

Brian K. Smith

bsmith@IMCOconstruction.com

C.360.393.8821



Sam Kloes

skloes@IMCOconstruction.com

C.360.393.8821

Planning Construction Activities and Clash Detection

Karthik Ramkrishnan (RK)
The Walsh Group







- Describe different ways to plan construction activities using 3D models
- Discuss different uses of clash detection



How extensive is your 3D pre-planning?

- Review project staging
- Review MPT/MOT staging
- Plan equipment movements
- Prepare critical pick plans e.g. erection sequences
- Prepare graphics for constructability reviews
- Prepare graphics for public involvement
- We do not pre-plan in 3D



Basics of Jobsite Planning

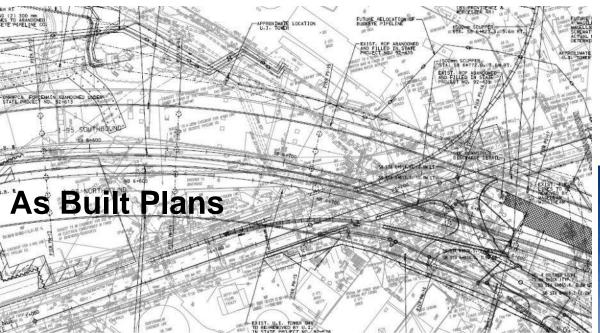


Crucial activity for the Contractor

- Planning starts at **bid time**
 - Access to/from the jobsite
 - Resource location (Material + Equipment)
 - Construction clearance from existing utilities
- **Dynamic** nature of construction Job Phasing

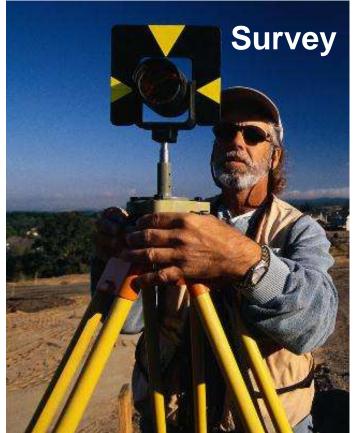


Basics of Jobsite Planning - Options



As Built condition – Valid/ Accurate?

Use Internal Resource





Basics of Jobsite Planning - Options



Use External Resource

- Latest condition ?
- Visual Aid
- Street view Only Major roads



Image Courtesy: Google Maps



Basics of Jobsite Planning - Options

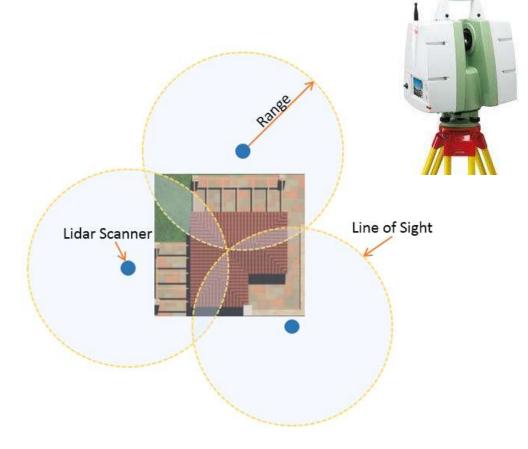




Basics of Jobsite Planning – Options

LiDAR (Light Detection and Ranging)

Refer Webinar Series 2 – Supporting 3D Design by John Krause (FDOT) @ www.fhwa.dot.gov/3D/





Captures - What you see

Scan

- Set Survey Control points
- Gather 3D information /data set

Register

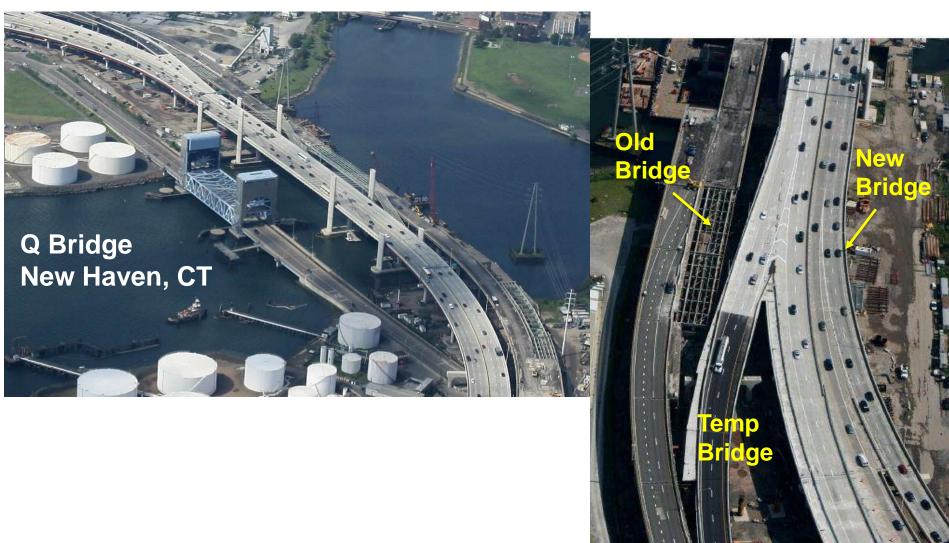
Stitch multiple scan data sets together to generate one contiguous point cloud

Classify

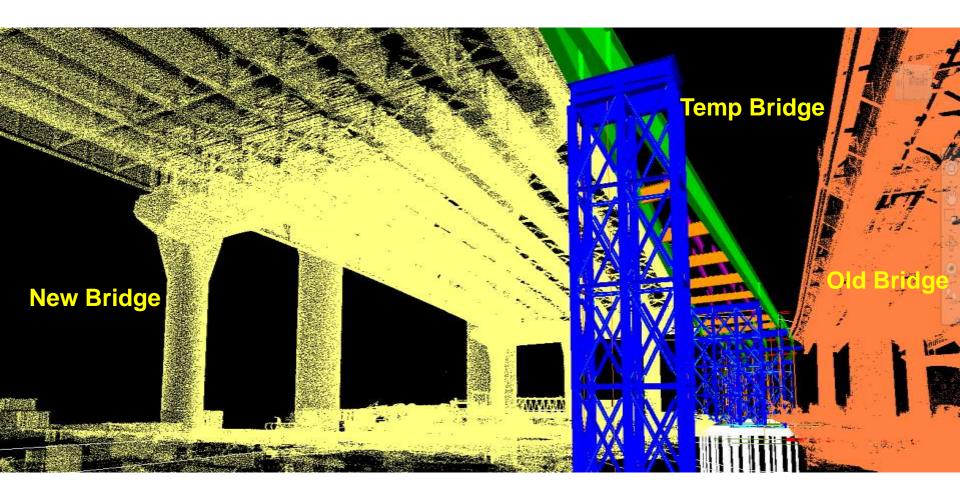
- Clean up and remove Noise, if any
- Categorize point cloud to assist modeling



LiDAR Scans - Example

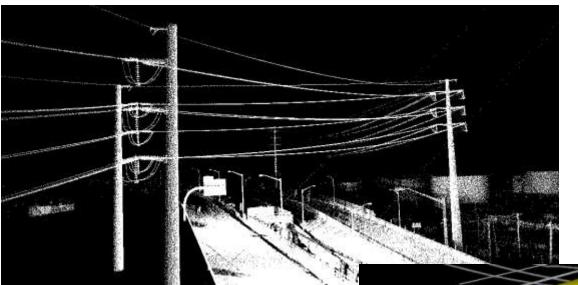


LiDAR Scans - Example









OSHA Requirement

1926.1408(a)(2)(iii) Table A

50-200kV ~ 15' clearance (115kV)

Walsh Requirement

Min. 20' clearance even for De-Energized line.

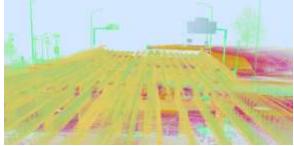




LiDAR Scans - Lessons Learned







- Post Processing Scan data
 - Aligning scan data to correct State Plane coordinates **Need Survey**
 - Carefully clean **NOISE** Live Traffic, Vegetation, etc.
 - Point Cloud density (Size) / Photogrammetry RGB value/ Intensity



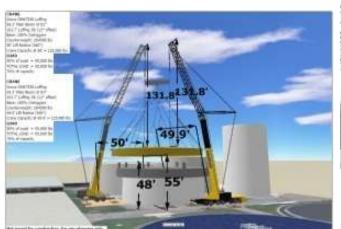


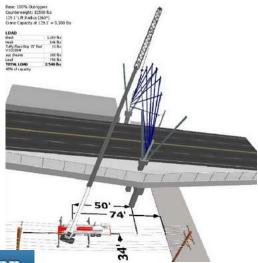
Complex Virtual Mock-ups



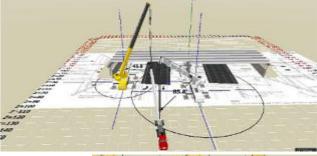


Critical Construction Simulation







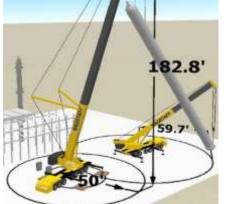






3D Lift Plan

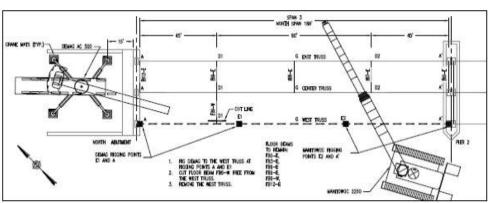
- Visualize/ Simulate crane picks with defined weight and ambient conditions.
- Accurate dimensions with In-Cabin Load charts +900 crane models
- Provides most economical crane configuration.



3D Models of all **Construction Equipment** available online - VALIDATE

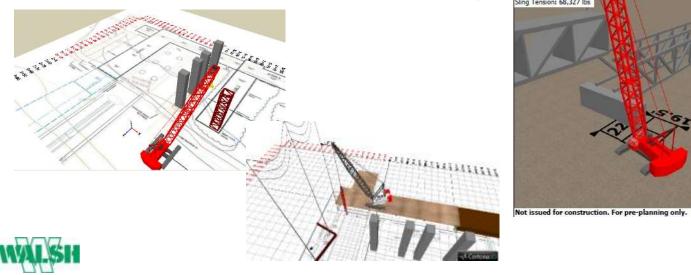


Critical Construction Simulation - Examples



Validate Safe Crane Pick

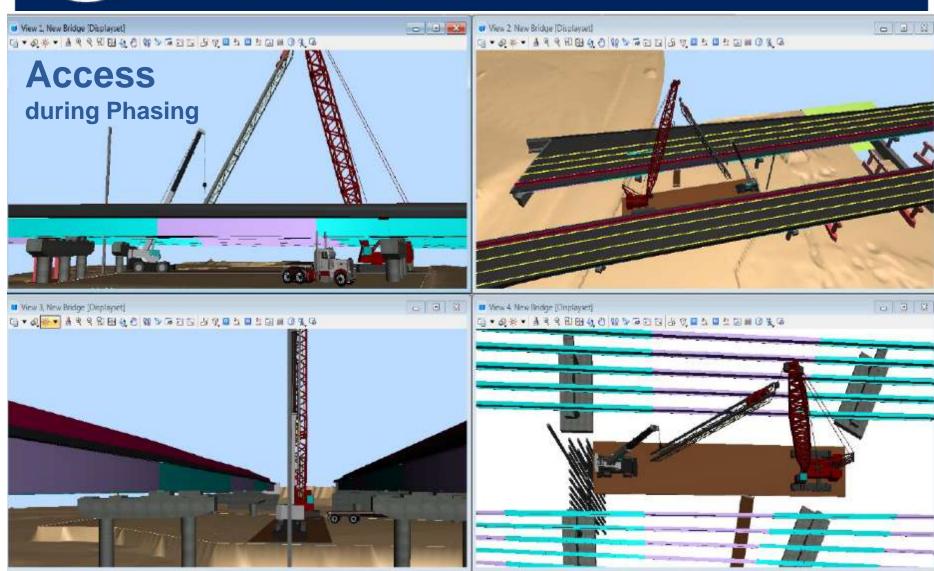








Critical Construction Simulation - Examples





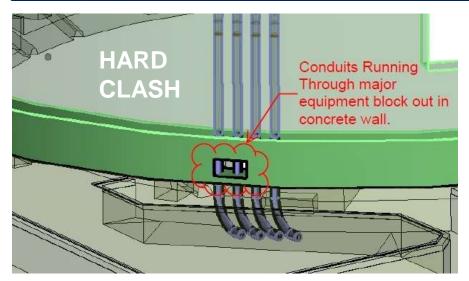


Do you use 3D clash detection?

- Always
- Usually
- Sometimes
- Would like to
- No



Clash Detection in Heavy Construction



32 7/8 SOFT **CLASH** 3'-2 3/8" TOP SIDE

CLASH DETECTION

Avoiding field issues ahead of time

- Hard Clashes Members directly conflict
- Soft Clashes Tolerance issues
- Time related Constructability issues

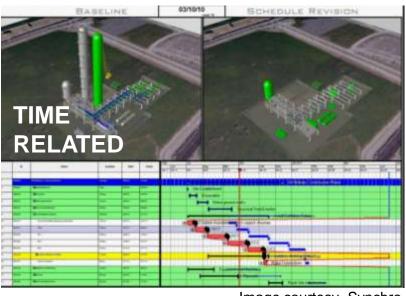
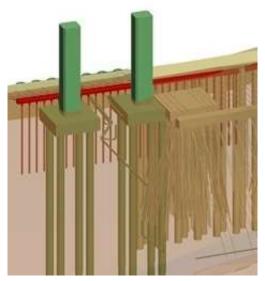


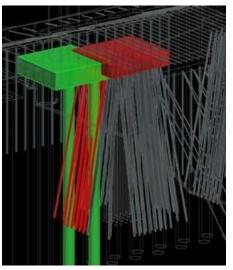
Image courtesy- Synchro

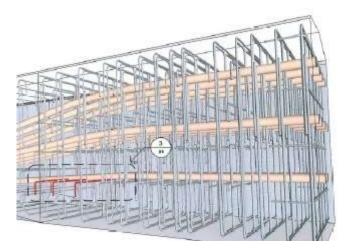


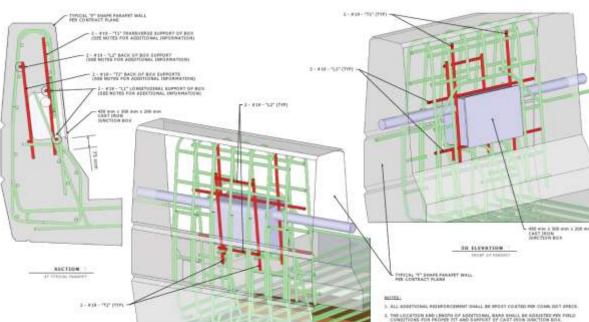


Clash Detection - Examples







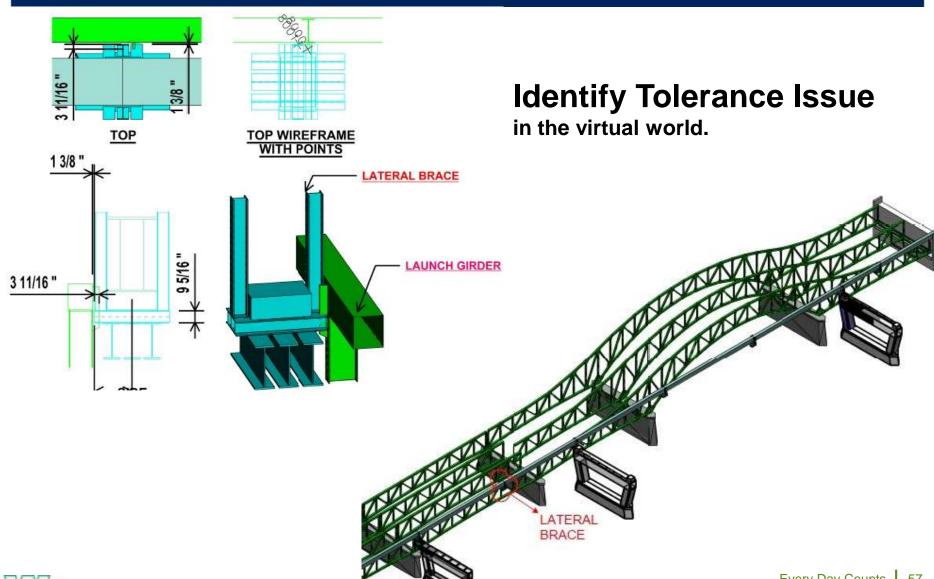


4. THE PEOPLE RANGE OF THE CAST INON TANCTION BOY SHALL BE COVERED WITH HEAVY TAPE AS A RESOLUTION AGAINST SCHAFFING DIRECTION THE SUP FORMUL OPERATION.





Clash Detection - Examples

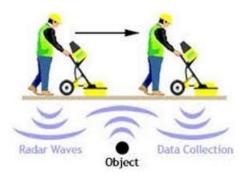




Unknown Risk – We know what we see









Underground Utilities

As an Industry we all share tremendous risk when dealing with underground utilities.

- Outdated Utility Plans Old abandoned lines are still found On-Site, causing delay and additional cost.
- Technology Inhibitions Advanced GPR can only provide approximate details, range restrictions.
- Reliance on Test Pits

- Describe different ways to plan construction activities using 3D models
- Discuss different uses of clash detection

Executing Construction with 3D Engineered Models

Ryan Forrestel
Cold Spring Construction







Learning Objectives

- Describe how 3D models are used with survey equipment to execute construction
- Discuss the different equipment/model needs to achieve tolerance for different construction activities

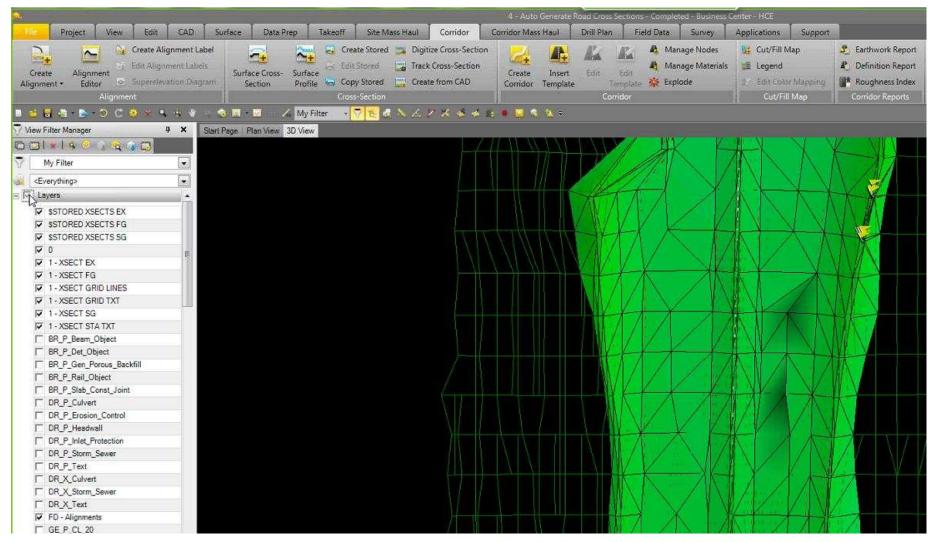


How do you use electronic design data?

- To get a better understanding of the plans
- Creating a construction model for AMG
- Checking a finished model
- Construction layout with rovers
- Checking construction tolerances (QA)
- Determining quantities for payment (Measurement)
- Other (please identify in Chat)
- Do not use it



Preparing Models for AMG





Preparing Models for AMG





Using 3D Models for Layout





Stakeless Grading

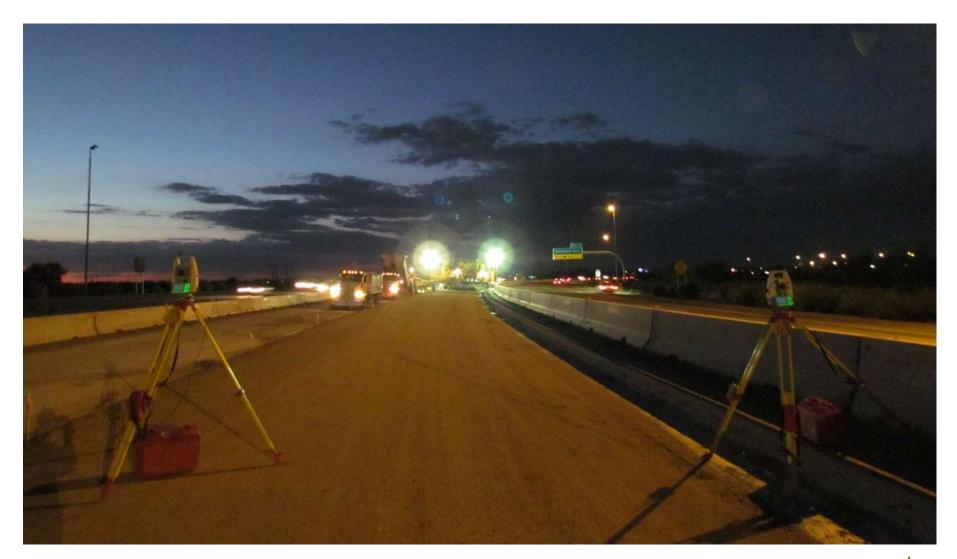


Stakeless Grading





Stringless Asphalt Paving





Stringless Concrete Paving





Stringless Concrete Paving





Enhanced Safety







- Describe how 3D models are used with survey equipment to execute construction
- Discuss the different equipment/model needs to achieve tolerance for different construction activities

Upcoming Webinars and Close

Douglas Townes, P.E. FHWA Resource Center







3D Engineered Models Webinar Series

Webinar 1: Overview of 3D Models for Construction
Webinar 2: Creating 3D Engineered Models
Webinar 3: Applications of 3D Models in the Contractor's Office
Webinar 4: Applications of 3D Models on the Construction Site
Webinar 5: Managing and Sharing 3D Models for Construction
Webinar 6: Overcoming Challenges to Using 3D Models for Construction
Webinar 7: Steps to Requiring 3D Engineered Models for Construction
Webinar 8: Adding Time, Cost and other Information to 3D Models

Applications of 3D Models on the **Construction Site**

April 2, 2014

1:00 pm - 2:30 pm

www.fhwa.dot.gov/3D

Douglas.townes@dot.gov